

Lösungen zu Kapitel 1.3, Gleichungen

Kapitel 1.3.1, Quadratische Gleichungen

- a) 1) $L = \{1;2\}$ 2) $L = \{2\}$
- 3) für $a = 0$ $\Rightarrow L = (-\infty; \infty)$
- für $a \neq 0, a \neq b, a \neq -b$ $\Rightarrow L = \left\{0; \frac{2b}{a+b}\right\}$
- 4) $L = \left\{0; \frac{2ab}{a+b}\right\}$ 5) $L = \left\{\frac{5}{2}; 5\right\}$
- 6) $L = \{-10; 4\}$ 7) $L = \emptyset$
- 8) $L = \{-3; 5\}$ 9) $L = \{-4; 13\}$
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- b) 1) $L = \{-4; 3\}$ 2) $L = \{-1; 1\}$
- 3) $L = \{-3; -2; 2; 3\}$ 4) $L = \left\{-\frac{3}{2}; \frac{3}{2}\right\}$
- 5) $L = \{-4; 4\}$ 6) $L = \left\{0; \frac{2ab}{a+b}\right\}$
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- c) 1) $D = R \setminus \left\{\frac{3}{2}\right\}; L = \emptyset$ 2) $D = R \setminus \{1; 2; 3; 4\}; L = \left\{\frac{5}{2}; 5\right\}$
- 3) $D = R \setminus \{-2; 3\}; L = \{-3\}$ 4) $D = R; L = \{1; 2\}$
- 5) $D = R - \{-2; 1\}; L = \{2\}$ 6) $D = R \setminus \left\{\frac{11}{2}; \frac{1}{3}\right\}; L = \{-10; 4\}$
- 7) $D = R \setminus \{2; 3\}; L = \emptyset$ 8) $D = R \setminus \left\{\frac{3}{2}\right\}; L = \{-3; 5\}$
- 9) $D = R \setminus \{-5; -3\}; L = \{-4; 13\}$ 10) $D = R; L = \{-3; 0; 1\}$
- 11) $D = R; L = \{-2; 2\}$ 12) $D = R; L = \left\{\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{4}{a}}\right\}$

Kapitel 1.3.2, Bi-quadratische Gleichungen

1) $L = \{-3; -1; 1; 3\}$

2) $L = \{-2; 2\}$

3) 1. Fall: $a = 0 \Rightarrow$ keine Lösung

2. Fall: $a \neq 0 \Rightarrow x_1 = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{4}{a}} \quad x_2 = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{4}{a}}$

Kapitel 1.3.4, Wurzelgleichungen

a) 1) $L = \frac{6n}{5b^4m^5}$

2) $L = uv^3 \cdot \sqrt[12]{u^9v^8}$

3) $L = 2 \cdot (a - b)$

4) $L = \frac{10}{3} \left(\frac{bc}{xy^2z^2} \right)^n$

5) $L = \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ab}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{2b})}{a^2 - 4b^2}$

b)

1) $4 \cdot (1 - x^2)^2(x + 5)(x^2 + 2x - 1)^2 = (1 - x^2)^2(x^2 + 2x - 1)^2 + (x + 5)(x^2 + 2x - 1)^2 - (x - 1)$

2) $L = \left\{ \frac{5}{2} \right\}$

3) $L = \emptyset$

4) $L = \{1\}$

5) $L = \{3\}$

6) $L = \{15\}$

7) $L = \{12\}$

8) $L = \{7\}$

9) $L = \{2\}$

10) $L = \{1\}$

11) $L = \{34\}$

12) $L = \emptyset$

13) $L = \{9\}$

14) $L = \{1\}$

15) $L = \left\{ \frac{1}{4}; \frac{1}{2} \right\}$

16) $L = \{6\}$

17) $L = \{2\}$

18) $L = \{5\}$

19) $L = \left\{ -1; \frac{9}{16} \right\}$

$$\text{c) } \quad 1) \quad L = \{1\} \qquad \qquad \qquad 2) \quad L = \{5\}$$

$$3) \quad L = \left\{ \frac{ab}{a+b} \right\} \quad 4) \quad L = \{11\}$$

$$5) \quad L = \{3;4\} \qquad \qquad \qquad 6) \quad L = \{3;4\}$$

$$7) \quad L = \left\{ \frac{1}{4}; \frac{1}{2} \right\}$$

$$d) \quad 1) \quad L = \sqrt[8]{2^7} \quad 2) \quad L = \frac{\sqrt{u}}{\sqrt[3]{v^2}}$$

$$3) \quad L = \sqrt[6]{2} \qquad \qquad \qquad 4) \quad L = \frac{1}{a^2 b x}$$

$$5) \quad L = a \qquad \qquad \qquad 6) \quad L = \sqrt[6]{mn^3}$$

$$7) \quad L = \{6\} \qquad \qquad \qquad 8) \quad L = \{2\}$$

$$9) \quad L = \{-2; 1\} \qquad \qquad \qquad 10) \quad L = \{3\}$$

Kapitel 1.3.5, Exponentialgleichungen

$$a) \quad 1) \quad L = \left\{ 1; \frac{7}{4} \right\} \quad 2) \quad L = \{1\}$$

$$3) \quad L = \{0,435\} \qquad \qquad \qquad 4) \quad L = \{1,136\}$$

$$5) \quad L = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} n \lg a - \lg 2 \\ \hline \lg a + \lg b \end{array} \right\} \quad 6) \quad L = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} p \lg a - q \lg b \\ m \lg a - n \lg b \end{array}; m \cdot \lg a - n \cdot \lg b \neq 0 \right\}$$

$$7) \quad L = \{-2,738\} \qquad \qquad \qquad 8) \quad L = \{\emptyset\}$$

b) 1) $L = \{-7; 1\}$ 2) $L = \left\{ -\frac{2}{5} \right\}$

$$3) \quad L = \{0,414\} \qquad \qquad \qquad 4) \quad L = \{-0,414\}$$

$$5) \quad L = \{-0,342\} \quad 6) \quad L = \left\{ \frac{s \lg n + t \lg m}{r \lg n + 2q \lg m}; r \lg n + 2q \lg m \neq 0 \right\}$$

$$7) \quad L = \{-0,414\} \qquad \qquad \qquad 8) \quad L = \{16\}$$

- c) 1) $L = \left\{ \frac{3}{2} \right\}$ 2) $L = \{35\}$
- 3) $L = \{-9; 4\}$ 4) $L = \left\{ 1; \frac{7}{4} \right\}$
- 5) $L = \left\{ \frac{\lg 2}{\lg 2 - \lg 3} \right\}$ 6) $L = \{1\}$
- 7) $L = \left\{ \frac{\lg \frac{\lg 3}{\lg 2}}{\lg 3 - \lg 2} \right\}$ 8) $L = \left\{ \frac{\lg 22 - \lg 25}{\lg 15 - \lg 17} \right\}$
- 9) $L = \{-1; 1\}$ 10) $L = \{0\}$
- 11) $L = \{11\}$ 12) $L = \{3,3535\}$
- 13) $L = \left\{ 1 + \ln(1 + \sqrt{1+e}) \right\}$ 14) $L = \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \right\}$
- 15) $L = \left\{ 2 \frac{1}{4} \right\}$ 16) $L = \{-4\}$
- 17) $L = \{3\}$ 18) $L = \{-3; 2\}$
- 19) $L = \{11\}$ 20) $L = \{-1,7\}$

Kapitel 1.3.6, Logarithmische Gleichungen

- a) 1) $L = \{2\}$ 2) $L = \{1 + e^2\}$
- 3) $L = \{ae^b\}$ 4) $L = \{998\}$
- 5) $L = \left\{ \frac{1}{998} \right\}$ 6) $x^4 + 9x^2 - 5x + 28 = 0$
- 7) $L = \{8\}$ 8) $L = \{1; 5\}$
- 9) $L = \left\{ \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{e}} \right\}$ 10) $L = \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \pm \sqrt{4,25} \right\}$
- 11) $L = \left\{ \frac{32}{a} \right\}$ 12) $L = \{27\}$

$$13) \quad L = \{32\}$$

$$14) \quad L = \{3\}$$

$$15) \quad L = \{10^{-4}; 10\}$$

$$16) \quad L = \{-1; +1\}$$

$$17) \quad L = \{10; 10^4\}$$

$$18) \quad L = \{4\}$$

$$19) \quad L = \{100\}$$

$$20) \quad L = \{8\}$$

$$21) \quad L = \{-8; 8\}$$

$$22) \quad L = \{u^2 \cdot v^3\}$$

$$23) \quad L = \left\{ \frac{a}{b} \right\}$$

$$24) \quad A = \frac{F}{B^{\frac{\lg F - \lg A}{C \lg D + E}}}; \quad B = 10^{\frac{\lg F - \lg A}{C \lg D + E}}$$

$$24) \quad C = \frac{\lg F - \lg A - E \cdot \lg B}{\lg B \cdot \lg D}; \quad D = 10^{\frac{\lg F - \lg A - E \cdot \lg B}{C \lg B}}; \quad E = \frac{\lg F - \lg A - C \cdot \lg D \cdot \lg B}{\lg B}$$

$$25) \quad L = \{3\}$$

$$26) \quad L = \{-2; 2\}$$

$$27) \quad L = \left\{ e^3; e^{-\frac{4}{3}} \right\}$$

$$28) \quad L = \{5\}$$

$$29) \quad L = \{49\}$$

$$30) \quad L = \{125\}$$

$$31) \quad L = \{e^{e^2}\}$$

$$32) \quad L = \{-100; 100\}$$

$$33) \quad L = \{5000\}$$

$$34) \quad L = \{8\}$$

$$35) \quad L = \{2(e^3 + 1)\}$$

$$36) \quad L = \{1\}$$

$$37) \quad L = \{100 \cdot \sqrt{10}\}$$

$$38) \quad L = \{\sqrt[5]{5}; 5\}$$

$$39) \quad L = \{100\}$$

$$40) \quad L = \{6^{-1}; 6\}$$

$$41) \quad L = \{10; 10^4\}$$

$$42) \quad L = \{-0,6; 2\}$$

$$43) \quad L = \{1\}$$

$$44) \quad L = \{0\}$$

$$45) \quad L = \{2\}$$

$$46) \quad L = \left\{ \frac{3}{2} \right\}$$

$$47) \quad L = \left\{ \frac{3}{2} \right\}$$

b) 1) $L = 3 + \frac{1}{3} \ln(a+b)$ 2) $L = \frac{1}{3} [2 + \lg(a+b) - 2 \lg c]$

3) $L = \frac{1}{5} \ln a - \frac{7}{4} \ln c + \frac{7}{3}$ 4) $L = \frac{1}{5} \lg a + \frac{1}{2} \lg(a+b)$

5) $L = \frac{1}{6} \lg a^3 b$ 6) $L = \lg \frac{\sqrt{c}(a+b)}{a^4(a-b)}$

7) $L = \lg[2(a+b)^2]$ 8) $L = 4 + \frac{1}{3} [\ln(a-b) - \ln(a+b)]$

c) 1) $L = \left\{ \frac{13}{3} \right\}$ 2) $L = \left\{ \frac{9}{2} \right\}$

3) $L = \left\{ \frac{31}{6} \right\}$ 4) $L = \{0\}$

5) $L = \left\{ \frac{7}{3} \right\}$ 6) $L = \{-5; 2\}$

7) $L = \{13\}$ 8) $L = \{998\}$

9) $L = \left\{ \frac{1}{998} \right\}$ 10) $L = \{ae^b\}$

11) $L = \left\{ \frac{32}{a} \right\}$ 12) $L = \{27\}$

13) $L = \{32\}$ 14) $L = \{3\}$

15) $L = \{10^{-4}; 10\}$ 16) $L = \{10; 10^4\}$

17) $L = \{-1; 1\}$ 18) $L = \left\{ -\frac{7}{8} \right\}$

19) $L = \{8\}$ 20) $L = \{4\}$

Kapitel 1.3.7, Trigonometrische (Goniometrische) Gleichungen

a) 1) $x_1 = 2k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$

2) $x_1 = \mathbf{p} + 2k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$

$$x_2 = \frac{\mathbf{p}}{2} + 2k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$$

$$x_{2,3} = \pm \frac{\mathbf{p}}{3} + 2k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$$

3) $x_{1,2} = \pm \frac{\mathbf{p}}{3} + 2k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$ 4) $x_1 = \frac{\mathbf{p}}{4} + k\mathbf{p}, \quad (45^\circ + k\mathbf{p}) \quad k = +0,1,2,\dots$

$$x_2 = 0,4194\mathbf{p} + 2k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$$

$$x_2 = 0,8976\mathbf{p} + k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$$

5) $x_1 = 0,3524\mathbf{p} + k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$ 6) $x_1 = 0,7048\mathbf{p} + 2k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$

$$x_2 = 0,0675\mathbf{p} + k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$$

$$x_2 = 1,2961\mathbf{p} + 2k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$$

$$x_3 = 0,6825\mathbf{p} + k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$$

7) $x_{1,2} = \pm \frac{\mathbf{p}}{4} + 2k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$ 8) $L = \{\emptyset\}$

$$x_3 = \frac{3}{4}\mathbf{p} + 2k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$$

$$x_4 = \frac{5}{4}\mathbf{p} + 2k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$$

9) $x = 2k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$

10) $x_1 = \frac{\mathbf{p}}{2} + 2k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$

$$x_2 = \mathbf{p} + 2k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$$

11) $L = \{\emptyset\}$

12) $x_{1,2} = \pm 0,1795\mathbf{p} + 2k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$

$$x_3 = k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$$

13) $x = \frac{\mathbf{p}}{2} + k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$

14) $x_1 = -\frac{\mathbf{p}}{4} + k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$

$$x_2 = 2k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$$

$$x_3 = -\frac{\mathbf{p}}{2} + 2k\mathbf{p}, \quad k = \pm 0,1,2,\dots$$

b) 1) $L = \{30^\circ + k \cdot 360^\circ; 150^\circ + k \cdot 360^\circ; k \in G\}$

2) $L = \{0^\circ; 32,3^\circ; 147,7^\circ; 180^\circ; 212,3^\circ; 327,7^\circ\}$

3) $L = \left\{ \frac{\mathbf{p}}{6}; \frac{\mathbf{p}}{3}; \frac{7}{6}\mathbf{p}; \frac{4}{3}\mathbf{p} \right\}$ 4) $L = \{38,7^\circ; 321,3^\circ\}$

5) $L = \{0^\circ; 233,1^\circ\}$ 6) $L = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 90^\circ + k \cdot 180^\circ; 228^\circ 35' + k \cdot 360^\circ; \\ 311^\circ 25' + k \cdot 360^\circ; k \in G \end{array} \right\}$

7) $L = \left\{ k\mathbf{p}; \frac{\mathbf{p}}{4} + k\mathbf{p}; k \right\}$

c) 1) $L = \{2 \cos x\}$ 2) $L = \{\cos a\}$

3) $L = \frac{\cos a + \sin a}{\cos a - \sin a}$ 4) $L = \{0\}$

5) $L = \{\cot a\}$

d) 1) $L = \{240^\circ + k \cdot 360^\circ; 300^\circ + k \cdot 360^\circ; k\}$

2) $L = \left\{ \frac{\mathbf{p}}{4} + k\mathbf{p}; k\mathbf{p} \right\}$ 3) $L = \{60^\circ; 540^\circ\}$

4) $L = \{75,5^\circ; 284,5^\circ\}$ 5) $L = \{104,5^\circ; 255,5^\circ\}$

6) $L = \{0^\circ; 101^\circ; 180^\circ; 259^\circ\}$ 7) $L = \{60^\circ; 120^\circ; 240^\circ; 300^\circ\}$